

Vasquez High School -- Chemistry -- Exam #3 -- Chapter 4 -- 60 points

Write TRUE if the statement is true OR write the word(s) that substitutes for the underlined word(s) that would make it true. Writing false earns only partial credit. Three points each.

- _____ 1) The gas evolved from the reaction between sodium and water was carbon dioxide.
- _____ 2) Consider the sulfur atom in H_2SO_4 . The charge on it must be +6. (careful here!)
- _____ 3) We use the Latin prefixes whenever we have transition metals involved in a compound.
- _____ 4) The most common acid you would find in your stomach is hydrofluoric acid.
- _____ 5) There are two metals which are not transitional, yet require roman numerals. They are aluminum and mercury.

Match Those Acids! Two points each.

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|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| _____ 6) HNO_3 | a) sulfuric acid | j) phosphoric acid |
| _____ 7) HBr | b) bromic acid | k) fluoric acid |
| _____ 8) $HC_2H_3O_2$ | c) nitrous acid | l) hydrofluoric acid |
| _____ 9) H_3PO_3 | d) hydrochloric acid | m) perchloric acid |
| _____ 10) H_2S | e) hydrosulfuric acid | n) lysergic acid |
| | f) acetic acid | o) hydrobromic acid |
| | g) nitric acid | p) not this acid |
| | h) phosphorous acid | q) not this one either |
| | i) sulfurous acid | r) why are you reading these? |

- 11) Imagine an element called vasquezium (Vz). It forms four oxygen-containing acids with the number of oxygens ranging from four to one. Each of the anions has a charge of -1. For five points, write the four acid formulas and their respective names according to what you have learned about naming acids.

For two points each, give the exact chemical formula for each of the following:

12) vanadium (III) sulfate

13) aluminum carbonate

14) dinitrogen tetroxide

15) cadmium nitrate

16) chromium (VI) cyanide

17) Three stable isotopes of element X have atomic masses and relative abundances as follows:

Atomic mass = 172.58 amu

Abundance = 54.8 %

Atomic mass = 174.16 amu

Abundance = 12.4 %

Atomic mass = 178.74 amu

Abundance = 32.8 %

For five points, calculate the average atomic mass of element X. You must show your work for full credit.

18) The average atomic mass for element Q is 114.905 amu. The two known stable isotopes of element Q are Q-113 having a mass of 112.962 amu and Q-118 having a mass of 118.186 amu. What is the percentage abundance of Q-113. You must show your work for full credit. (Neatly would be nice too.)

For two points each, given the exact name for each of the following formulas:

