

**Vasquez High School -- Earth Science -- Exam #6 -- Chapters 25 & 26 -- 100 points**

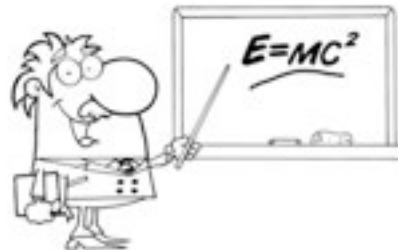
Write TRUE if the statement is true OR write the word that substitutes for the underlined word that would make it true. Writing false only earns partial credit. Three points each.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The area of partial shadow during an eclipse is called the umbra.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) The chromosphere is the outermost layer of the sun.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) Over a million earths will fit inside the sun.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) The farther a planet is from the sun, the faster it travels.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) We see lunar eclipses only occasionally, and not every month, because the moon's orbit is 28 days, not 30 or 31.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) The surface temperature of the sun is about 6,000 °C.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) Light from the sun takes about 8 1/3 hours to get to the Earth.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) The most common feature of the Moon's surface are called mascons, and were caused by the impact of thousands of meteoroids over the years.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) The spectral class of the sun is G2.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) The Latin word for the Moon is sol.



**Matching section.** Write the letter that best matches each example. The same letter may be used more than once. Two points apiece.

- |   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| _____ 11) The 3 Laws of Planetary Motion are his                              | a) Isaac Newton        |
| _____ 12) Invented epicycles to explain retrograde motion                     | b) Nicholas Copernicus |
| _____ 13) Supported the man who gave us the heliocentric theory to the church | c) Ptolemy             |
| _____ 14) Gave us the law of universal gravitation                            | d) Albert Einstein     |
| _____ 15) Made thirty years of observations of the heavens                    | e) Abraham Lincoln     |
| _____ 16) Polish astronomer who did away with the geocentric theory           | f) Tycho Brahe         |
| _____ 17) Only Englishman in the group  | g) Galileo Galilei     |
| _____ 18) Best student of he who had the wooden nose                          | h) Johannes Kepler     |
| _____ 19) Gave us $E = mc^2$  | i) Neil Armstrong      |
| _____ 20) First man on the Moon   | j) Billy Plasma        |



By the way, I wish to take back a mistake. The Moon does have some sizable mountains and mountain ranges.

Multiple Choice Section. Write the letter that best answers each example. Three points apiece.

\_\_\_\_\_ 21) Approximately how many earth diameters are equal to one sun diameter?

- a) 7                      b) 100                      c) 1,000                      d) 1,000,000                      e) 93,000,000

\_\_\_\_\_ 22) Which of these qualities does NOT apply to sunspots?

- a) They occur in eleven year cycles.  
b) They are darker than the regular surface.  
c) They emit extra large magnetic fields.  
d) They are hotter than the regular surface.  
e) All are qualities which apply to sunspots.



\_\_\_\_\_ 23) Which is true of maria on the Moon?

- I) They are the darker patches on the Moon's surface.  
II) They are evidence that water once existed on the Moon.  
III) They are evidence that the Moon once exhibited volcanic action.
- a) Only I is true.                      d) Only I and II are true.  
b) Only II is true.                      e) Only I and III are true.  
c) Only III is true.                      f) All three are true.

\_\_\_\_\_ 24) The reason why only a small part of the planet gets to see a total solar eclipse each time one occurs is because

- a) the Earth's shadow only covers a small part of the Moon's surface.  
b) the Moon's shadow only covers a small part of the Sun's surface.  
c) the Moon's shadow only covers a small part of the Earth's surface.  
d) the Sun's shadow only covers a small part of the Earth's surface.

\_\_\_\_\_ 25) The outermost ayer of the sun's surface gives off a steady stream of electrically charged particles called

- a) the solar wind                      b) a solar flare                      c) a solar prominence                      d) none of these

Short Essay Section. Be neat (Alejandro!) and complete. READ what you write! Five points.

26) Explain in at least three sentences where the sun gets its energy. \_\_\_\_\_

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Diagram Section. Be clear and neat -- use a ruler if you want. Five points.

27) Make a drawing of a lunar eclipse. It must include all three bodies, two kinds of shadow and four light rays from the sun. Everything has to be labelled.

28) For ten points, draw all eight phases of the Moon as we see them from Earth, in their proper order, starting at New Moon, complete with all their names. Then label what phase is at 7, 14, and 21 days.

29) For five points, state the three laws of planetary motion:

- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_

30) Two large bodies, having masses  $M$  and  $N$  are 10 meters apart. They have a gravitational force of  $F$ .

- a) If I had two other bodies with masses of  $7M$  and  $3N$ , also 10 meters apart, what would be the gravitational force between them (express your answer in terms of  $F$ )?
  
- b) If masses  $M$  and  $N$  were moved to a distance of 40 meters, what would the gravitational force between them be then (express your answer in terms of  $F$ )?
  
- c) If masses  $M$  and  $N$  were both doubled, AND they were moved to a distance of 20 meters apart, what would the gravitational force between them be then (express your answer in terms of  $F$ )?